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For the Proprietor of
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH,
For and on behalf of
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.
W. D. Smith

The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Light SE winds. Cloudy with occasional showers.
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1004.1 mbs.
22.65 in. Temperature, 82 deg. F. Dew point, 78 deg. F. Relative humidity, 85%. Wind direction, E. Wind force, 11 knots.
High water: 0 ft. 4 in. at 2.21 p.m. Low water: 1 ft. 3 in. at 10.01 p.m.

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VOL. V. NO. 146

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1950.

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She Felt A Little Peeved

London, June 21.
Mrs. Lilian Florence Grant was granted a divorce today after she told the court that her husband took her home the day they were married and introduced her to his mistress.—United Press.

TORNADO HAVOC IN HOLLAND

Willenstad, Netherlands, June 21.
A huge funnel-shaped column, in which five chickens, two pigs, and a cow were swirling, swept howling over the small town of 2,000 inhabitants today, causing widespread damage.
The tornado battered 50 houses, completely destroyed a three-story building, and almost overturned two barges which, according to eyewitnesses, were rocked by an enormous column of water sucked up by it.
The wife of a butcher said that as soon as she heard the noise of the approaching tornado she ran to the cradle and snatched up her baby. A moment later glass from a shattered window showered into the empty cot.
The inhabitants of the town today helped to search the surrounding area for shoes, clothes and household articles swept away by the storm.
Nearly all houses in the town have been damaged.
The total damage is estimated at 200,000 guilders.—Reuter.

Malaya Bandit Camp Unearthed

Singapore, June 21.
After a bus had been set alight and the passengers robbed, security patrols, combing the jungle in the Band district of Pahang, yesterday unearthed a bandit's camp.
In the Grik area of Perak security forces had a 20-minute fight with bandits, four of whom were wounded.
The war from the air was continued yesterday with strikes against a bandit target in the Bahau area, 130 miles north of Singapore, an official communiqué reported. Another strike was made today in Kajang.—Reuter.

ATTLEE MARSHALS PARTY FOR BATTLE OVER MERGER PLAN

Prepared To Take Fight Into Tory Country

London, June 21.
The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, today rallied the entire Parliamentary Labour Party behind him to beat off the challenge of the Conservative leader, Mr. Winston Churchill, on the Schuman Plan in Parliament on Monday.
Facing a full meeting of his Parliamentary rankers, Mr. Attlee gave notice that he will fight back by pressing Mr. Churchill to "come off the fence" and explain what the Conservatives themselves propose in European unity.

Confronting the Government's Executive's manifesto on a Conservative motion asking that Britain participate in the current six-Power talks on the Schuman plan to merge European coal and steel, Mr. Attlee is understood to have praised the manifesto as "an excellent document."
One thing the Prime Minister regretted was the timing of its publication, which, by coincidence, coincided with the Government's Parliamentary statement on the Schuman Plan.
Despite today's unanimity among the rankers, the Government will put out a three-line Whip (strongest Parliamentary order for members to attend) for Monday's debate.

Concern For Judy Garland

Hollywood, June 21.
The Metro Goldwyn Mayer Studios today issued a statement saying that they were "relieved to know that the early reports of Miss Judy Garland's condition were exaggerated."
"Her injury is only slight and superficial," the statement said.
The Studio said yesterday that the 27-year-old singer had cut her throat "not seriously—in a fit of anger."
Miss Garland was suspended by M.G.M. on Saturday for failing to report for work.
In today's statement, M.G.M. declared: "Miss Garland's health and state of mind have been of grave concern to us for some time."—Reuter.

Saracen Joust At Arezzo



A medieval pageant, hundreds of years in origin, was carried out in Arezzo, Italy, twelve days ago. Photo shows the Dragon knight and in the background, the Eagle knight, just prior to parading and breaking a lance in the tournament. — (Express Service).

Mystery Explosion Disaster: Suspected Sabotage

Cairo, June 21.
Muttering "magazine, magazine," a Pakistani seaman—sole survivor of the crew of 74—today rasped out the first key to Monday's mystery explosion aboard the 7,139-ton British arms ship Indian Enterprise.

The seaman, 38-year-old Nur Hossain of Calcutta, was brought to a shore hospital early this morning from the Norwegian ship which rescued him, shivering and thirsty, from the Red Sea.

He was thought to be suggesting that the blast originated in the explosives store.
Lying bound in a bed with burns, Hossain gave pressmen a fragmentary account of the disaster, which is estimated to have involved a loss of £1,500,000 in the few seconds it took the ship to disintegrate. He probably owed his life to being on deck when the explosion tore the Indian Enterprise apart.
When picked up he tried to

thank his rescuers in broken English with the words, "This ship no come, I die."
The Indian Enterprise was bound for Calcutta from London with 55 tons of explosives aboard when she blew up between Keesler, on the Egyptian coast, and Wejd, Saudi Arabia.
Her master, Captain P. F. Campbell, and five of his officers were British.

Eight other officers were Indian and the crew Indians and Pakistanis.
The British Ministry of Transport in London has begun preliminary investigations into the disaster. A report will be made to the Minister, Mr. Alfred Barnes, who will then decide whether to hold an enquiry.—Reuter.

Malone Or Boloney?

Washington, June 21.
Senator George Malone (Republican) charged today that the Truman Administration is "secretly planning" to strengthen Communist domination in the Far East.
In a statement he said the State Department will grant diplomatic recognition to the Chinese Communist regime "as soon as they think they have the United States people efficiently prepared."
Senator Malone said that only official "fear" of public opinion is delaying such action. He said, "While Administration officials are mouthing brave little phrases and meaningless doubletalk against Communist Russia apparently in an attempt to appease the new wary American public, they are secretly planning to strengthen Communist domination after his condition must still be regarded as serious."—Reuter.

General Smuts C.P.O. On Murder Charge

Pretoria, June 21.
The condition of General Jan Smuts, who is seriously ill, on Monday night, was unchanged tonight, a bulletin stated.
It added: "This afternoon he picked up a bit. He is certainly better tonight than he was this morning but for the present his condition must still be regarded as serious."—Reuter.

Strachey And Griffiths Commend Realistic Briggs Plan

London, June 21.
The British War Minister, Mr. John Strachey, back from an exhaustive tour of Malaya's guerilla battlefronts, said today that substantial reinforcements of land and air forces were arriving to join the "tollsome operations" in the peninsula.
Telling the House of Commons about the visit, the War Minister, and the Colonial Secretary, Mr. James Griffiths, who went with him, said that they were confident that the guerillas could be crushed.

THEY WANT TO BULLY BRITAIN

Washington, June 21.
American Republican Senators today proposed that the United States should "fine" Britain \$30,000,000 for staying out of the Schuman Plan.
They circulated in the Senate a rough draft of the proposal, which would cut Britain's Marshall Aid in two for as long as she refused to join in the Paris discussions on pooling European heavy industry.

Britain's share of Marshall Plan funds, authorized by Congress, is \$685,000,000.
The Senators planned to place the proposal before the Senate Appropriations Committee in the form of an amendment to the Economic Cooperation Administration Act which sets the rules for Marshall Aid.

"We frankly want to put pressure on Britain to join the pool," one Senator said.
"If we lose in the Appropriations Committee we will carry our fight to the Senate floor."—Reuter.

Lie To Re-open "Peace Talks"

Lake Success, June 21.
The United Nations Secretary-General, Dr. Trygve Lie, will deliver a major policy speech at the London Guildhall on July 3.
Following the speech, Dr. Lie will go to Geneva to attend part of the session of the Economic and Social Council.
Dr. Lie favours the admittance of the Chinese Communists to the UN and is expected to press for approval of his plan at the Geneva meeting.

Informed sources believe it probable that Dr. Lie will seize the London opportunity to re-open the "peace talks" he started recently on a five-week trip to Moscow, London and Paris.
Dr. Lie, who was understood to be planning a short vacation in his native Norway, is expected to go through Paris en route to or from Geneva. Reliable sources believe he might talk further with the Premier, M. Georges Bidault.—United Press.

Dirt Money Strike In N.Z.

Wellington, N.Z., June 21.
A cargo of carbon black unloaded by Wellington dockers after they had won "dirt" money in a two-day strike was held up again today when transport drivers refused to move it from the wharf.
They, too, demanded dirt money.
They asked for an extra two shillings and six pence an hour—as awarded to the dockers—and the provision of boiler suits.
The employers offered one shilling and six pence a ton and boiler suits.
The cargo was brought to Wellington by the 5,000-ton British ship Myrtlebank.
The dockers won their demand for an extra two shillings and six pence an hour, but the transport drivers refused to support their strike.—Reuter.

OUT OF THE BLUE

Fall River, Mass., June 21.
Four years ago, a metal strongbox was stolen from the bedroom of Mrs. Annie Warren.
Today her husband discovered that the box, complete with US\$1,000 in bonds and insurance policies, had been returned "without explanation" to their back porch.—United Press.

France Ready To Go Beyond Schuman Plan

Paris, June 21.
France will propose the pooling of other European basic resources if the Schuman plan for a coal and steel pool goes into effect; it was reliably reported here on Wednesday.
French farm leaders called for a pooling of Western Europe's agricultural resources, and the French Government is reliably reported to be examining the idea favourably.

However, government sources admitted that any other pool project was still in the first stages of general examination and that no action would be taken until the heavy industry pool gets under way.

M. Schuman briefed the French cabinet this morning on the "momentum" development in the six-nation coal and steel pool talks which have started here in earnest.—United Press.

Bank Robber Murders

Frogmore, Ontario, June 21.
Two well-meaning motorists who stopped by a country road and offered to assist two men in an overturned car were shot to death in cold blood today.
The motorists did not know the men in the overturned car were bank bandits who had just stolen US\$21,500 from the Hamilton, Ontario, branch of the Imperial Bank of Canada. The police said the two trigger-happy bandits were believed trapped in a wooded area five miles from here.
A police plane was being used to direct the ground posse.—United Press.

British Clash With Argentina

London, June 21.
The Minister of State, Kenneth Younger, said today that Britain sent two protests to Argentina in March against what he called unauthorised Argentine landings on Deception Island.

Despite the protests, he told the House of Commons, the Argentines were still on the island.
Mr. Peter Smithers (Cons) asked what steps the British government was taking "to deal with this insolent conduct." He asked: "Would the Foreign Secretary study history and see what Lord Palmerston would have done in similar circumstances?"
Mr. Younger: "I do not think Lord Palmerston's way can be compared to what should be done in 1950. We wish to have this settled in the proper way by international action. We have already tried and failed to get settlement through the International Court. We hope that other forms of international action may in the end achieve a friendly settlement."
The issue was raised by Mr. Fitzroy Maclean, who asked if the government's attention had been drawn to the recent Argentine expedition to Deception Island and whether the government had given the Argentine government permission to station naval personnel there.
"Yes," replied Mr. Younger to the first part of the question. He added: "No permission was sought or granted, but two written protests against the Argentine landings on British soil were delivered in March to the Argentine base leader."
Asked if the Argentines were still on the island, Mr. Younger replied: "Yes, I think so."—United Press.

EDITORIAL

Beyond The Worst Expected

THE Financial Secretary's proposal to create a new source of revenue by taxing one of the colony's most attractive embellishments, the street neon signs, came inevitably under heavy criticism. Relatively few individuals, in proportion to total population, were directly affected, but freedom from this particular demand did not prevent widespread concern. Reasons varied. Some alarm was felt that many responsible for installed neon signs would, in protest against a tax imposed upon a selected group without prior warning or hint, decide to disconnect the electric supply and challenge inspectors to enforce the tax. Certainly it was believed that the official action would discourage those contemplating going into illuminatory competition with neighbouring shops or restaurants from persisting with the idea. Attack came largely from those appreciative of the colourful Broadway atmosphere of numerous shopping and entertainment centres, and deploring any step likely to diminish the decorative effect. Strictures came, too, from those observing the spectacle from quite a different angle, vast improvement in the lighting of main thoroughfares at no cost to the community, facilitation of traffic movement, with added safety, and above all, efficiency in curbing the activities of prowlers and sneak-thieves, thrusting them back into the darker side-streets. Sharp complaint was made also by owners of neon-signs who realised that assessment on the area basis could be hopelessly inequitable where design bore no relation to length of neon tubing. When this third point filtered through to drafters of proposed by-laws governing the scheme, an entirely new method of approach was conceived. Fees for licensing are now to

be based upon the watt capacity of the apparatus, which is reasonable enough. The same cannot be said of other variations of the original programme. The new by-laws, approved by the Urban Council, control what are described as "Electric Advertising Signs" and they go far beyond the worst expected. The definition of advertising is so startlingly comprehensive that it can only be supposed that thoughtful note was taken that the sharpest criticism of the original scheme challenged a genuine definition. It was argued that to place a shop's name in neon could not be advertising in the strict sense of the term. Name lighting can be intended to attract attention, but it could also be contended that its only purpose is to guide a customer looking for a particular shop. That argument made no inroad into Government minds. Any illuminated sign including character, word, letter, border, box device, and various odds and ends, is to them an advertisement. Nothing whatsoever that can be excluded is discoverable, except perhaps to a conjurer. Maybe Government anticipates approval for refusal to discriminate! Likewise, possibly, in the matter of lighting, Mr. Follows visualised a tax on neons. As far as we can see, every conceivable type of outside light now comes under the eagle eye of the Urban Council. Hundreds more proprietors who value outside lighting are to be roped in. Inside a building, in the window, for instance, the most lavish electrified display escapes. Ours not to reason why. We would, however, recommend scrapping the whole scheme. A mild surtax on light consumers would spread the burden, produce the revenue and eliminate a new inspecorate.

The BLACK COUNTRY

● Woman nailers paid 1½d an hour ● Starved workers walked like dogs
● Miners harnessed to own tubs ● Babies as workshop rat-scarers

in the GOOD OLD DAYS

By J. W. Taylor

WILSON-JONES, librarian of Rowley Regis, is a man who was bred and born in the Black Country. He has written a book ("The Black Country"—Cornish Brothers, 18s.) which presents a grim picture of life in that part of the world a century or more ago and is the outcome of his knowledge, plus personal recollections of ageing inhabitants he scrupulously sought out in many parts of the country.

There were the old ladies who told him of labouring one hundred and nine hours

a week as nail-makers for 1½d an hour. One of them had been sold as a bond servant to Halesowen Cross and had received three-pence a day wages. Another worked harnessed like a horse to a tub in the mines, just as did many more industrial slaves.

He knew "Big Harry of Rowley" in "his nailmaker's shirt of red and green square check, trousers held up by an immense leather belt fastened with its strong brass buckle often used to correct his nine sons." In his old age Harry sat around from morning till dusk... a monument of hard living, hard drinking days, talking of the cock-fights he organised and pointing out the long scar upon his left cheek, a relic from a fight with the village policeman thirty years before... the brown string-buckled corduroy trousers and large heavy boots completing a picture of the typical Black Country man of the Iron Age of Queen Victoria.

Children like those of "Big Harry" began work as nail-makers or miners when they were five and babies were used to remove away rats. There they remained in bondage with their miserable pittance of a wage until they died or were taken away to the workhouses where, according to the regulations, remaining there to break upon a quarter of stone, "they be not offered to eat till the appointed quantity be broken by each of them, the stones to be broken down to the size of a hen's egg."

Doped Both Ways

MR Wilson-Jones records that in 1851 there were over 80 beerhouses and nine and a half as many chapels. "For the worker had to be doped with alcohol on his week-days and prepared the Kingdom of Heaven on Sundays."

"The nailer and chainmaker were always afraid of illness or accidents, and in their fear of the rules, the ironmasters and nailmakers, they adopted a sadistic attitude to the work, cruelly to their women and children was common, and the bloodiest of cock-fighting and bull baiting was found in its worst form."

In 1850 the food for the nailers of Rowley Regis was so bad

and the pay so poor that "whole families had not enough strength in their spine to walk upright. They walked through the towns on all fours."

Ate Ponies

THIS hard life had its dangers, too. In the 1860's 600 people perished at their work in a Cannock colliery disaster.

TRUANTS TREATED GENTLY

In spring the truancy temptation is on the wing, but in Washington, D.C., there is no such thing as the old-fashioned truant officer.

The "big, bad men" have given way to young women, sympathetic and attractive, known as "attendance officers."

Mopnets in the U.S. capital are laid back from the ball game and fishing hole by Mrs Alice Sheldon, attendance director for 113,000 Washington school children for 15 years, and her assistants.

"Most children are not real truants," Mrs Sheldon said. "They only succumb to the temptations of the season."

Chronic truants, who sometimes are committed to children's institutions for the remainder of their education, often are victims of a maladjusted home life, she said.

UNDERLYING CAUSES

"We try to find the underlying causes for continual non-attendance, using a quiet, common-sense approach rather than the police approach," she said.

Mrs Sheldon, a member of the District of Columbia bar and a graduate social worker, is busy about selection of the 20 officers who investigate an average of 21,000 cases a year.

"They must be neat and attractive and smart and sympathetic," she said. "To get really close to a pupil and ferret out the reason for truancy, such qualities make it a lot easier. All officers are college trained."

When miners were trapped at another pit it was rumoured that they had eaten the pit ponies and reached the point of cannibalism.

Later they were rescued and the boy was often pointed out to the people as the one who should have been eaten. And such goings-on were in the life-time of the aged parents of many present-day Black Country people.

Of his own childhood days, the author has a goodly report: "The children with whom I went to school were from working-class homes, but they were clean, well-dressed and well-fed. They never were the unkempt savages of Black degeneration. He recalls the great depression after 1873, 'when the glory of the Iron Age departed and the derelict furnace and steel work by the slag heap, the rolling pilehead near and the weed-covered railways was its memorial'."

He recalls that the Black Country womenfolk's dress remained unique even as late as 1925. The nailmaking women wore a masculine dress, large black lace-up boots, woollen stockings, long black skirt with a plaid shawl and bare arms, with a man's cap on their heads and often a white clay pipe in their mouths.

CABLE PRICES GO UP ON JULY 1

When new charges for overseas telegrams come into force on July 1, business firms who correspond regularly by cable will have to decide between adding as much as 60 percent to their bills or being content with a slower service.

The problem arises because in the past most firms used the deferred telegram service, costing half the full rate. Now, though the full rate to countries outside Europe has been reduced by about 25 percent, the deferred service has been abolished.

For former users of this service, the only alternative is the full rate or letter telegrams, which are cheaper but slower. In addition, charges for letter telegrams have been increased under the new regulations by 20 percent.

The changes are the result of decisions taken at the International Telecommunications Union conference in Paris last year. Control of the British cable services was taken over by the Government on Jan. 1, 1947.

Code Not Allowed

Rates for the European system generally remain unchanged, except that the minimum charge for letter telegrams will be for 22 words instead of 25. Code or cipher will not be allowed in letter telegrams.

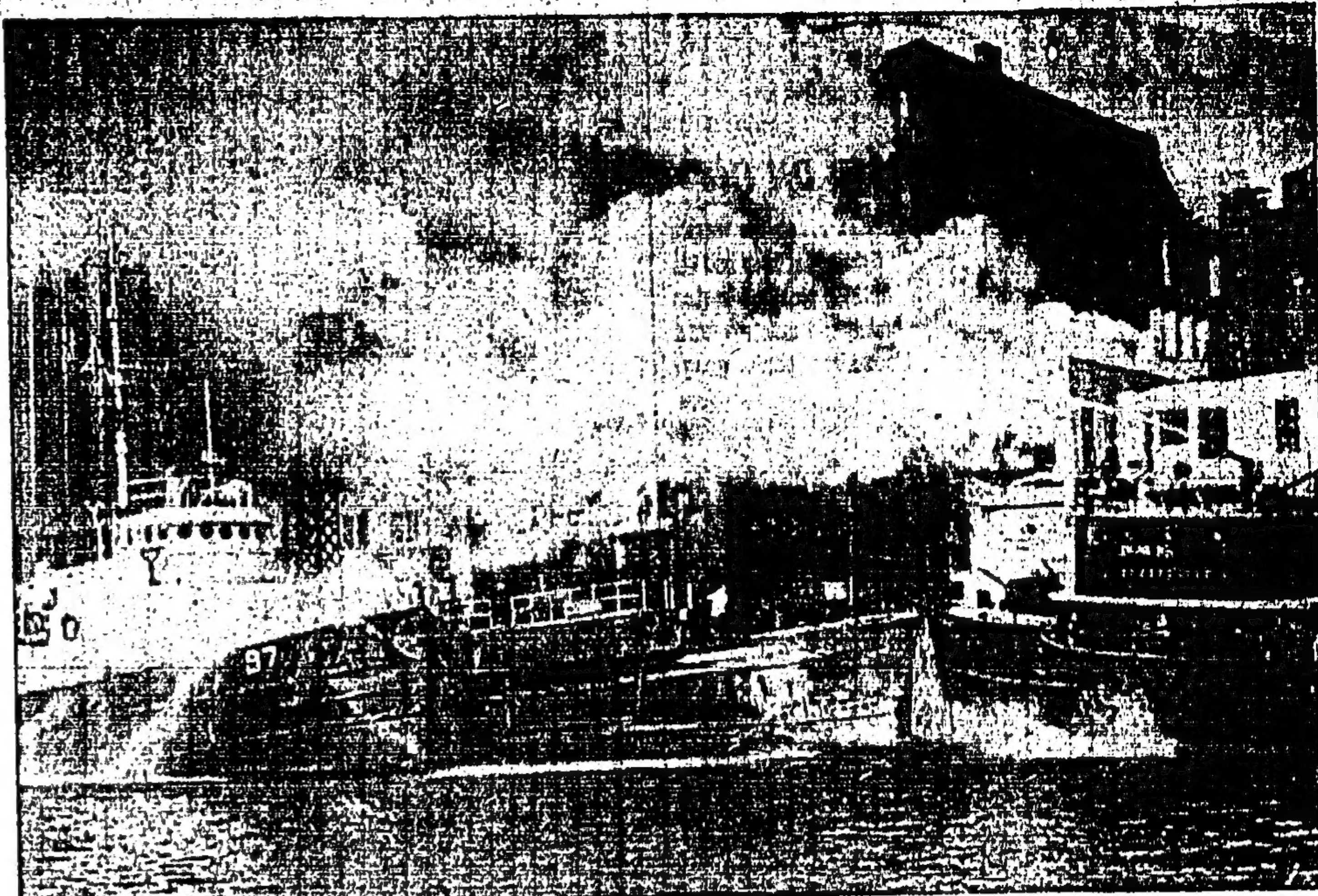
For countries outside Europe, the deferred telegram service has been abolished. Examples of the remaining new rates, compared with the old, are:

Night and daily letter telegrams will be merged into a single class with a minimum charge as for 22 words. It is hoped that by abolishing deferred telegrams an improvement on the two days formerly taken by daily letter telegrams may be effected.

Though many firms have not yet fully appreciated the effect that the change may have, some have already expressed alarm at the prospect. Even those using letter telegrams will have their costs increased by about 20 percent.

The London Postal and Telecommunications Committee of the London Chamber of Commerce has promised to watch the effects of the changes.

Flames Along The Waterfront



Starting in a two-storey wooden building, this fire in Boston, Mass., threatened the whole harbour area before it was brought under control.

'WHEN WE WERE YOUNG' HITS SHOW THE EFFECT OF THE YEARS

Stars object to their early films on television

From FREDERICK COOK

New York. MANY Hollywood stars are complaining that television is introducing a new form of competition—competition with younger versions of themselves.

Most modern Hollywood films are barred from television under the studios' contract with James Caesar Petrillo and his Musician's Union, and under direct bans by some of the producers.

But pictures made independently before the Petrillo contract was signed in 1946 may be televised without difficulty.

No extra pay. So, the stars complain, people stay away from the new pictures and sit at home to see them as they used to be when some of them were a good deal younger.

Furthermore, they say, the television people are getting rich on their efforts, while the stars get nothing out of the mushrooming new entertainment business.

Regulars on the old-time film programmes now include most of the big names: Rita Hayworth, Mickey Rooney, Claudette Colbert, James Cagney, Dennis Morgan, Barbara Stanwyck, Humphrey Bogart, Paulette Goddard, Ginger Rogers.

17 years back. Doris Day's 1941 film, Mr. Celebrity, is a television feature. So are Dennis Morgan's 1936 release, I Cover the Sea, Bogart's Midnight, Virginia Mayo's Adventures of Jack London, Carney's Flirting with Danger (1934), and Ginger Rogers' 1933 picture, A Shrike in the Night.

Gertrude Lawrence, whose new film, The Glass Menagerie, is due for early release, may be seen on television in her 1934 English comedy, No Funny Business, with Sir Laurence Olivier (then Mr.).

The last holder of the title, which descends to those who hold the manor of Serivelby, was Lieut. Dymoke, grandfather, Frank Dymoke, who was so old at the coronation in 1937 that he did not hammer on the door of the king's banquet room with a mailed gauntlet.

But he did assert, quavering a bit, that "anyone who gains the right of his gracious majesty and my liege lord to the crown lies in his teeth."

After Frank Dymoke's death there was some talk of letting the office lapse. No one challenged the right of a king or queen since the days of Bonnie Prince Charlie when an adherent of the pretender denounced George IV in Westminster Hall. He was thrown out promptly.

What hurts the stars is the invitation to film fans to say: "My word, haven't they aged!" And, some of them complain, new generations of filmgoers have grown up since many of the pictures were made.

Former big hits. Seen regularly now on American television are many pictures which were big hits when they were first produced including the 1940 Fred Astaire-Pauline Goddard picture, Second Chorus, the James Stewart-Pauline Goddard Pot of Gold, Linda Darnell's City Without Men, and It Happened Tomorrow.

Edward G. Robinson's Journey Together and Thunder in the City are both going the rounds.

Robert Young and Barbara Stanwyck, to remind them of their earlier days, have only to switch on their television to see their 1935 release, Red Salute.

Myrna Loy can go even further back. Her 1932 epic Vanity Fair, is a television feature. So is Rita Hayworth's 1936 production, Rebellious.

Laurel and Hardy. Lovers of the old Laurel and Hardy comedies find that nearly all of them are on show regularly. Jimmy Durante's 1934 Joe Palooka has been revived.

Almost a collector's item now is To Be or Not To Be, which Jack Benny made years ago with the late Carole Lombard.

The appearance on television of the 1943 Sol Lesser film, Stage Door Canteen, is hitting some of the biggest names in show business.

It is said to have contained more big stars than any picture ever made. Among those who can now see themselves in it are Tallulah Bankhead, Ina Claire, the Lunts, Helen Hayes, Gracie Fields, Jane Cowl, Gertrude Lawrence, Groucho Marx, Ethel Merman, Paul Muni, Ray Bolger and Coriella Otis Skinner.

But the Dymoke family is such a conservative one it looks upon William the Conqueror, (1066 A.D.) as a recent arrival. So it was decided to petition for recognition of the right.

Lionel Dymoke did not want the job because of the pressure of private matters. But his son can now call himself "the 34th king's champion."

He has to make his big speech only at coronations. In the normal course of events that will be the coronation of queen (now princess) Elizabeth. Anyone who challenges her right will have to deal with Lieut. John Lindley Marmion Dymoke—who might be a general by then.



SECOND CHORUS. Astaire, Goddard as TV viewers see them in the 1940 film



BENNY, LOMBARD To Be or Not To Be London Express Service

ONCE THE CHERRIES DID GROW THERE

CHERRIES grow no longer in Cherry Garden Street, Bermondsey, and Cherry Garden Pier, where W.M. Turner sat and painted the Temeraire, is but a name.

Where once the blossom attracted even the Stuart courtiers, the district is grim and sombre.

"To Greenwich, and so to the Cherry Garden, and thence by water, singing finely, to the bridge and there landed," writes Pepys.

In Cherry Garden Street, running from Southwark Park Road to Bermondsey Wall, is



Jamaica House. On its site there was once a public-house of the same name, where the distinguished visitors to Cherry Gardens resorted because of the remarkable quality of its rum.

Before the Restoration, it would appear to have been a private house, and there is a tradition that Cromwell lived there. But this is extremely unlikely.

(London Express Service)

Grandstand At Show Collapses

Several people were injured and hundreds were shaken from their seats when part of a grandstand collapsed at an agricultural show here today. Shortly afterwards another part of the stand, which had not been completed, also collapsed.

Ambulance men and nurses attended several minor casualties.—Reuter.

Swiss Agreement With India

Berne, June 21. The Swiss Federal Council today ratified the new commercial agreement with India, which was initiated in Bern last April.

Under the agreement, which runs from March, this year to February, 1951, the Indian Government will buy 97 million francs' worth of Swiss goods, including watches, textiles, chemicals, railway wagons and machinery.—Reuter.

He fights the King's battles, but no jousting now

LONDON. The Dymoke family has renounced its ancient right to fight the king's battles and anyone with designs on the British crown will have to deal with Lieut. John Lindley Marmion Dymoke.

Lieut. Dymoke is only 24 and one of the youngest of his line to bear the title of the king's "hereditary champion." He is husky, in good physical shape, a war veteran and a handy man with his fists, a sabre or pistols.

However, Lionel Dymoke, father of the new champion, said he was not sure non-combat would do in full armour, mounted on a horse with lance couched. This kind of battle or "jousting" is the proper etiquette for disposing of challengers of the king's of this island.

By ROBERT MUSEL

says the right of his gracious majesty and my liege lord to the crown lies in his teeth."

The last holder of the title, which descends to those who hold the manor of Serivelby, was Lieut. Dymoke, grandfather, Frank Dymoke, who was so old at the coronation in 1937 that he did not hammer on the door of the king's banquet room with a mailed gauntlet.

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Four men in a boat

Sailing from Kingston this week is a 36-foot cutter carrying a crew of four adventurous young men whose ambition is to sail round the world. They are young Irish architectural students—Desmond Dalton, John Kenny, Kevin O'Farrell and Anthony Jacob.

Their plan is to travel via Lisbon, Madeira, the Canary Islands and Bermuda to New York and up to the Great Lakes, in order to reach Tahiti, East, Wisconsin, where the architect, Frank Lloyd Wright, died by their enterprising spirit, has promised them a year's scholarship.

At the end of that year, they plan to end their globe-encircling journey in the same boat. Through the Panama Canal they will sail on to the South Sea Islands, New Zealand, Australia and the East.

They will try to maintain financial stability by using the boat for money-making tasks, by writing articles on the trip and by selling photographs.

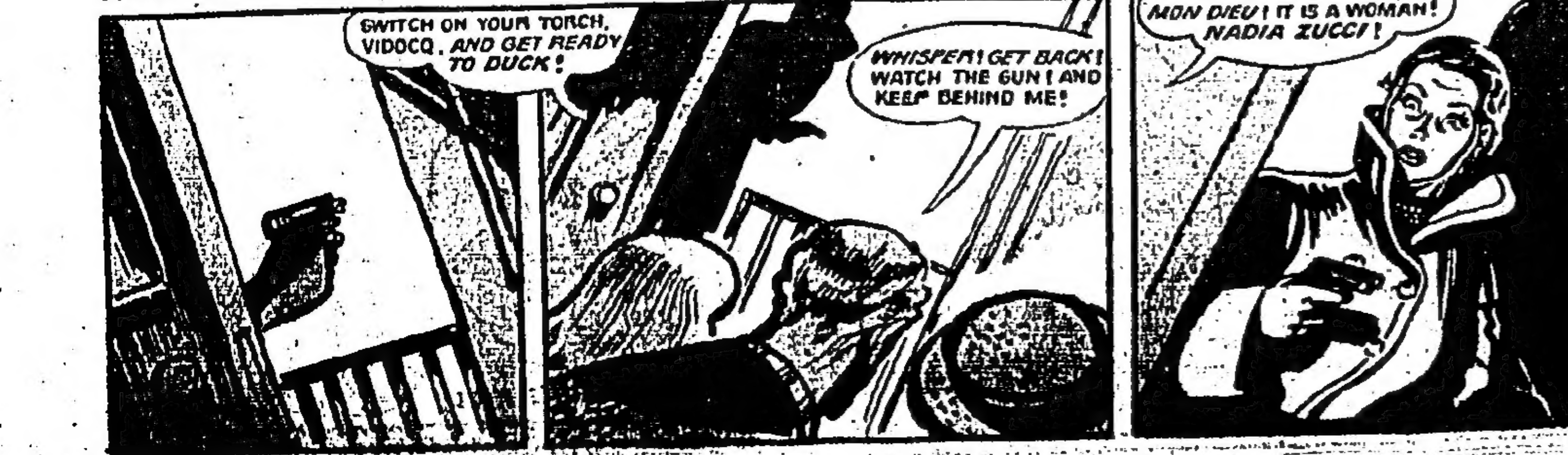
The skipper is 6' 4" tall, 22-year-old Anthony Jacob. He and his three companions clubbed together to buy, for £150, the broken down hull of a boat. In six months they refitted it with their own hands into a fully-rigged cutter complete with new deck and cabin accommodation. The reconstruction cost them £600, but they estimate that, with a world cruise behind her, the boat will be worth £2,000 in three years' time.

Copped ! ! !



Little Josephine Masters was absorbed in hanging one of her uncle's pictures in an open-air exhibition in London. The fact that she has nothing on but her slippers does not mean that it was an exhibition of nudes, but she had that policeman worried for a while.

K. O. CANNON WITH WHISPER IN THE SOUTH OF FRANCE



ROXY
AIR-CONDITIONED

FINAL SHOWING
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30
& 9.30 P.M.

DANGER ON THE BORDER... as the worst fighting hero and his faithful sidekick match brains and bullets with a bloodthirsty border gang!

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as GAYO

Also
ARABIA and JOE SAWYER
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ERROL FLYNN
PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

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THE FAMOUS CIRCUS SHOW ON THE WORLD!
'The Hagenback's Circus Show'
NARRATION IN MANDARIN

NEXT CHANGE **"MICHURIN"** In Glorious Color An U.S.S.R. Picture



"Do us a favour, boys—let him settle Savold first." London Express Service

On the turf Churchill's racehorses go all out to win. But his political racehorse, says W. J. BROWN, is spavined, knock-kneed, short of breath, and in no condition to win. For the trouble is that—

THE TORIES ARE STILL A STUPID PARTY

THERE are many advantages in not being a member of the present House of Commons. In the first place, you can choose your own company. In the second you have time to read the sporting columns of the newspapers.

From these columns I learn that Mr Churchill is doing well at horse-racing.

I welcome his success. But I cannot help contrasting the victories of his race horses with the failures of his political maps.

The explanation of the contrast lies, I think, in the fact that his racing jockeys want to win, while his political cabinet do not.

Moreover, Mr Churchill's racing jockeys take orders from the owner. His political cabinet won't even take the address from the fore.

THE TORIES' PAST

MODERN Britain, like Caesar's Gaul, is divided into three parts—the Socialists, the Tories, and the Rest. Without the Rest, the Tories cannot beat the Socialists.

Now the Rest fear the Socialists. They think the Socialists will carry the country over the precipice into the abyss.

But the Rest do not love the Tories. They think that the Tories would keep the country permanently poised on the edge of the abyss.

Mr Churchill, who knows the political racecourses very well, sees this. He would make the Tories more presentable, and he would conciliate the Rest.

But here he runs up against three formidable obstacles. His Party, his Party and his Party. He is hampered by their history, their faithlessness, and their stupidity.

The truth is that Socialism is fundamentally the product of, and a protest against, Toryism. If Socialists want the State to do

everything, it is largely because the Tories in the past opposed it doing anything.

THE CHURCHILL MAGIC

IF Socialists preach repudiation, it is largely because the Tories in the past practised repudiation.

If "Fair shares for all" now dominates our politics, it is because the Tories in the past based their policies on "each man for himself and the devil take the hindmost."

Not even the ample mantle of Mr Churchill can wholly conceal the part, but it softens the outlines somewhat.

What Conservatives do not understand is that Mr Churchill is their biggest asset precisely because people do not think of him primarily as a Conservative. They know he likes a good dinner, but they have the feeling that he sees to it that the kitchen staff's grub is all right, too.

They know he likes a good cigar, but they do not doubt that he hands round the cigar-case.

They know, so to speak, that he is not a totalitarian, but they have the feeling that he is not backward in advancing to the counter when it is his round.

In short, people see in Mr Churchill many qualities which are not oppressively obvious in the Conservative Party. A whole lot of people would trust him who would not trust the Socialists.

If I say that the political tragedy of our day is that the Socialists carry out their election promises while the Tories do not, I should over-simplify. But there would be enough truth in it to be uncomfortable.

Thus Socialists destroy liberty to make men better. That is folly. Even God allows men to go to the devil if they insist. But for Conservatives to proclaim freedom the better to exploit men and to sustain out-of-date privilege, is little better. It may be presumptuous of Socialists to think that they can spend the citizen's money for him better than he can spend it for himself. But at least they

do not promise to sustain and extend the social services while reducing their claims on the citizen's money.

KEEP THEM OUT

FOR Socialists to treat the story of Britain overseas as no more than "Imperialism" is absurd. But it is hardly worse than posing as the champions of Empire at election times, and doing nothing about the Empire in the interval between one election and another.

After all, the Empire's slums were not created under Socialist Governments.

In the races which Mr Churchill wins, several horses run. But on the political race-course, the Tory view is that only two horses should be allowed.

If a Liberal horse appears at the starting post, that is an intrusion. If some Independent colts appear, that is practically treason.

So the Tory horse wastes time and energy side-kicking at the Liberal horse and trying to crush the Independent colts against the rails. Mr Churchill would conciliate the Rest, but he is Hogg-tied by the stupidity of his party, which would make a closed shop out of anti-Socialism.

Sensible local electoral arrangements are prevented, in some cases by the arrogance and stupidity of local Tory caucuses, in others by Tory Central Office.

FOLLIES

SO while Mr Churchill's race-horses win brilliant victories, I must report that his political nag is spavined, knock-kneed and short of breath, and in no condition to win the next race.

The Tories of Queen Anne's day brought down Mr Churchill's great ancestor, Marlborough. It looks as if the Tories of today will perform a similar office for Marlborough's great descendant.

Certainly there is nothing to suggest, judging by present follies, that the Tories suspect even remotely that Queen Anne is dead.

(World copyright—London Express Service)

THE CHAPMAN PINCHER COLUMN EXAMINES AN INTRIGUING THEORY

YOUR COLOUR CHOICE IS A KEY TO CHARACTER

WHAT is your favourite colour? Think carefully, because your reply should reveal a great deal about your character, according to claims made in a scientific analysis of colour psychology published today.

You fancy blue-green, Miss? Then, say colour experts, you could be a successful and satisfied career-girl. You like red, Sir? Then you are an excitable fellow, who would probably be happiest with a cautious, blue-loving wife.

You have no particular preference? Then the odds are you are a melancholic, who is never excited much by anything. And so on—as summarised in the chart shown below.

This linking of colours with temperaments may help explain the age-old superstition of "lucky" colours.

BLUE FOR WORK

Colour-consultants like Mr FABER BIRREN, the 49-year-old American author of today's analysis, muster strong scientific evidence that colour can exert effects on the human mind.

EXAMPLES—

Judge weights and gauge the passage of time. Under red light most folk over-estimate weight and time. Under blue light they under-estimate them.

These differences are so marked, Birren believes, that blue colour-schemes in offices, factories, and warehouses should make workers more content. Ledgers and packing cases should not feel so heavy, he claims.

For the reverse reason he recommends red decorations for ballrooms, restaurants and other pleasure-places where people like to put the clock into slow-motion.

Without being prompted almost all the placid folk settled themselves in the "warm" corner, the complement of their own characters. The effervescent people preferred the "cool" part.

(There is sound scientific reason for calling greens and blues "cool." Experiments show that under their influence the temperature of the skin falls.)

3 TESTS on hundreds of college students showed that

their reaction times—the time it took them to move their arms after seeing a signal to do so—were about 12 percent quicker than normal in a red-lit room.

4 GLOOMY FOLK did not respond when tested with an optical device which charts a person's mental reactions to colours flashed on a screen. With nervous subjects the chart always leaped to a peak when reddish colours appeared.

Questionnaires involving thousands of people prove that the commonest order of colour-choice among adults is blue first, then red, green, violet, orange, and yellow. Most babies like yellow best, but when they are six red is favourite. Blue is second.

The liking for blue as age increases is probably due to the fact that the eye lens lets through less and less blue light. So we get "thriller" for blue.

PLEA TO DOCTORS

Colour consultants believe they have proved the social value of their researches. Scientific colour schemes have cut down accidents and increased output, they claim.

Now they are urging doctors to make fuller use of colour.

I am not convinced that the colour experts' claims can yet be fully substantiated. But the chart certainly seems to sum up my character pretty shrewdly. My favourite colour? Yellow.

* Colour Psychology and Colour Therapy, by Faber Birren, (McGraw-Hill, 25s. 6d.)

AND NOW TRY OUT THE COLOUR TEST YOURSELF

WHAT is your favourite colour? Name it before you read any further, then read on to find the probable reading of your character:—

RED Hearty, frank, impatient, and quick-tempered. Courageous but impetuous. You like company and make friends easily. Boisterous team sports appeal to you more than quiet pursuits.

BROWN Methodical, trustworthy, keen on discipline. Unrelenting to the degree where you judge excitability as a fault. Inclined to be uncareful with money. "Brown" men make dull but dependable husbands.

YELLOW High-minded, high-handed—the lone wolf type. Abrupt, aloof. Rarely displaying temper. Little interested in your fellow men except

in a detached, intellectual way. You rarely make deep and lasting friendships.

BLUE Serious, quiet, cautious. Inclined to be lazy. Easily assure yourself your mistakes are justified. Slow to anger but vengeful. You demand retribution for "the principle of the thing."

GREEN Friendly, easily contented, needing an ordered life—the most balanced type. Love scandalous gossip, but rarely get involved yourself. "Green" types make good wives, husbands, dependable, steady employees, but rarely lead.

ORANGE Happy-go-lucky, good-natured—the hearty, back-slapping, party-loving type. You prefer a lot of people, especially to having a few firm friends. "Orange" men make self-sufficient, satisfied bachelors.

London Express Service

THEY SELL BY SCARE By C.V.R. THOMPSON

NEW YORK. I NEVER thought the day would come when I would call New Yorkers calm and tranquil. But it has.

As I returned from a trip right across America, I was almost astonished to find them worrying about nothing more serious than the rain which threatens to spoil one of their holidays.

I was astonished because in San Francisco, Los Angeles, and stops along the line I had been confronted over and over again with war scares. The question I was most often asked was: "When is it going to start?"

I tried to discover what caused these worried Americans to ask that question. And in most cases I found it was an old rumour that had scared New Yorkers some 18 months ago.

The story was that a certain make of car would soon become unobtainable because the factory was switching over to tank production.

New Yorkers forgot the rumour when they discovered that high pressure salesmanship was responsible for it.

Uncerulous salesmen are probably responsible for its new outbreak. Detroit and Washington are doing their best to scotch the report.

OTHER RUMOURS I have heard during my journeys are that car tyres are about to be rationed (the Government does not even have the power to ration them), that shortages in some goods, especially those made of steel, are caused by huge Government war orders

(shortages are caused by nothing more than America's vast peace-time boom), that the Washington Government intends to move to Colorado (one unimportant bureau is moving there to make more room in Washington.)

FOR several weeks the two giants of American broadcasting have been fighting over a man just turned 60. They have been playing him with promises and then threats, more threats, and then promises. Then the battle ended.

The National Broadcasting Company announced that it had stolen "one of the greatest entertainers of the day" from its deadly rival, Columbia.

The star's name—Groucho Marx. Groucho, eldest of the famous brothers, was a "has been" three years ago. Out in Hollywood they tut-tutted when he took a job as M.C. of a quiz show. His show was No. 92 on "The Hit Parade."

Today Groucho, who wears a natty real moustache instead of a grease-paint one, is No. 6 on "The Hit Parade," far above Bing Crosby and many of the "immortals."

And he has done it not with big prizes or with armies of gag-writers and libraries of jokes.

The secret of Groucho's success—his natural quick wit.

THERE will be clean beaches this summer at the city of Long Beach, a favourite resort for New Yorkers. For \$10,000 the city has bought a machine 30ft. long which cleans and disinfects its sands every day. The machine scoops up seven inches of the beach, sifts the sand, adds disinfectant to it, and

then puts it back again minus the rubbish.

What the machine picked up on its first trial run—37 cents in coins, 12 flashlight bulbs, two old shoes, 4lb. of broken glass.

HEALTH: Experiments carried out by two Minnesota doctors with these supposedly miraculous anti-cold pills are reported to show that they were no more effective in stopping colds than pills made of starch or sugar.

OPINION: Men are the best housekeepers, says Mrs Mary Heiner, a New York household management expert. Why? "They get rid of work by preventing it."

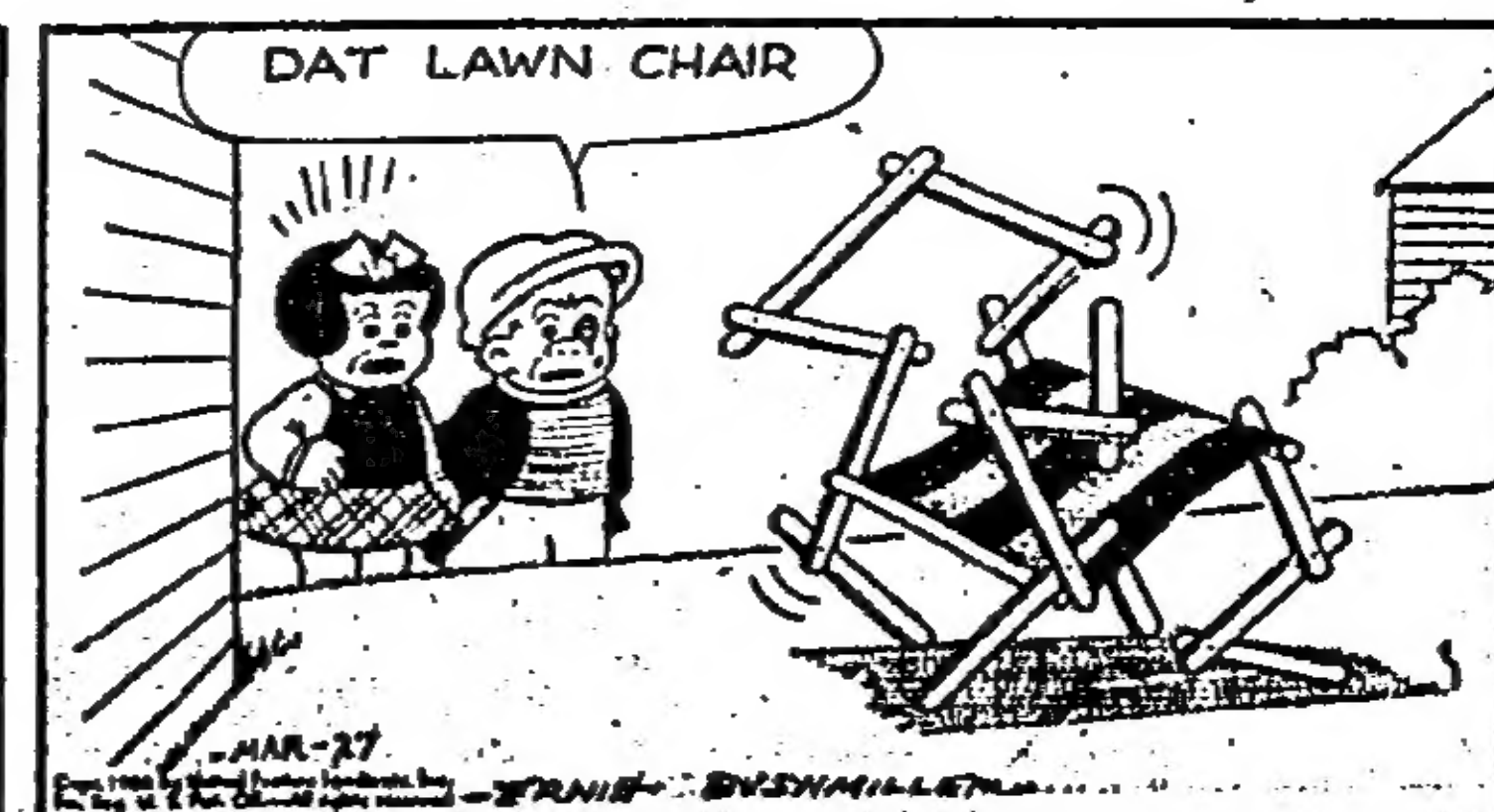
SPORT: Baseball managers will have to drop arguments that they are losing at the box-office because their games can be seen on TV. In spite of bad weather and the highest TV year yet, attendance this season is better than ever.

LITERATURE: Only reading, matter ever to be found in America's hotel rooms up to now is the Bible, which is placed there by a charity. But the hotel room owned by Elizabeth Taylor's father-in-law, Conrad Hilton, is to supply at least five books in every room for guests. They will be mysteries, ghost stories, classics, and humour.

POLITICS: Norman Thomas, America's top Socialist, has been deposed from his long leadership of the party. They threw him out because Thomas, an also-ran in ten Presidential elections, wanted to concentrate upon local elections and woo other parties.

NANCY The Seat of the Trouble

By Ernie Bushmiller



When there's biff, I needn't use my fist!

bif

INSECT SPRAY WITH DDT

SURE KILL

SOLE AGENTS: NAN KANG CO. HONG KONG

U.S. NAVY TO EXPAND BASE IN JAPAN

Tokyo, June 21. The U.S. Navy has extensive plans for enlarging the activities of its multi-million dollar naval base and air facilities at Yokosuka, which were visited today by the Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson, and General Omar Bradley.

The plans call for increasing personnel and taking over the nearby airfield for the navy.

The present commander of the Yokosuka base, Rear Admiral Benion Decker, went over

GRIFFITHS REPORT ON MALAYA

(Continued from Page 1.)

our confidence in General Briggs is shared throughout Malaya.

"I am not going to say how long the plan will take to succeed. Indeed, I must warn the House not to expect swift and spectacular results."

"The aim is a steady and deliberate progress, consolidating gains and that, we are convinced, is the right way. Having seen the difficulties of terrain and communications for myself I do not underestimate the task."

"On the other hand, I know it is a task that we can face squarely and confidently. I am encouraged by the undoubted fact that the vast majority of the people in Malaya of every community are opposed to the Communists. We have their goodwill in this joint battle to which they are making a great contribution."

"The terrorist movement has no roots in any ultimate national aspirations. Indeed, the Malaya have sent thousands of men into the security forces to defend their towns and villages."

"I do not ignore the fact that there are threats and intimidations to make certain sections of the community fearful to withhold help from the terrorists or to supply information to the authorities."

"It is vital that we should be able to cut off the terrorists' channels of supply and communications and to improve our own sources of intelligence."

MAIN OBJECTIVE
"This is very largely a problem of providing protection for the civilian community and of bringing scattered communities within the orbit of administration by such measures as the resettlement schemes which are now under way."

"It is one of the main objectives of the Briggs Plan to create the conditions in which effective action to that end will become increasingly possible."

"Ministerial requirements for the police and civil administration have been assessed in the light of the Briggs Plan and urgent steps are now being taken to recruit nearly 300 police officers within the next few months as well as additional administrative officers."

Both Mr. Strachey and Mr. Griffiths had to answer many questions following their statements.

Mr. Rhys Davies (Labour) asked if it was possible to publicise the appeal made by Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, to the people of Malaya in which the Indian leader said that violence was no remedy for them.

He also asked the Colonial Secretary to take note of Pandit Nehru's statement that in time the British would have to leave Malaya.

Mr. Griffiths, "I read that with great interest and I hope the statement that violence is no remedy will reach the Communists and be listened to."

FINAL REMEDY
Mr. James Hutton (Labour) asked if the Colonial Secretary could bring that view home to the Minister of War.

Mr. Strachey intervened to say that while violence was inevitable today, he accepted the view that the final remedy must come from the social, economic and political development of Malaya.

Mr. Strachey disclosed that Britain had arranged for a supply of American M2 carbines to go to Malaya in the near future but he said that it would be a mistake to attach too much importance to any one weapon. It might be important but would not be decisive.

Mr. Anthony Eden, deputy leader of the Opposition, said that the Opposition agreed that there was a case for further aid and asked that Parliament should be given an opportunity of sending a message of tribute to the planners and of confidence in the commanders and troops.

Mr. Griffiths said there did not seem to be any evidence that the rebels were receiving arms from outside.

He said that there was very good co-operation between the British and Siamese authorities regarding infiltration across the border.

Asked about camps in which it was said 10,000 people were detained, Mr. Griffiths said: "We are urgently considering whether it is possible to move some of them out of Malaya."

Mrs. Roosevelt Visits King Gustaf



Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, who is touring Sweden at the moment, was received in audience by King Gustaf at Drottningholm Castle. Photo shows the elderly monarch and Mrs. Roosevelt in conversation. — (London Express Service).

Protest Strike In South Africa

Capetown, June 21. The Minister of Justice, Mr. Charles Swart, told the South African Senate today that the police would give full protection to people who went to work on Monday—called as a "national day of protest and mourning" strike for non-Europeans.

The police in all major cities in the Union have issued statements saying that anyone trying to interfere with willing workers would be "severely dealt with."

Workers have been told that it is unlawful to stay away from their jobs and that they are liable to severe penalties.

The one-day national strike has been called in protest against the restrictive measures which apply to non-Europeans in the Union.

Though he has refused once already, the Prime Minister, Dr. Daniel Malan, is to be urged again to call a national convention to discuss native policy—at which Africans would be represented by delegates chosen by their own organisations.

This time the Capetown branch of the National Council of Women has decided to ask the National Executive to approach the Prime Minister again.

Referring to a pamphlet "Banned by a well-known Communist and signed by other known Communists" urging people to remain at home, Mr. Swart added: "We cannot allow such things to take place—that there should be intimidation against people who want to go to work."—Reuter.

FRANCE SACKS TWO GENERALS

Paris, June 21. France's Council of Ministers today retired two Generals, Georges Marie Revers and Charles Mast—the men who gave their name to "the affair of the Generals," in which leakage of defence secrets and traffic in influence have been alleged. The "affair" is now being probed by a Parliamentary Commission.

General Revers, aged 59, was Army Chief of Staff until last December. General Mast, aged 61, was formerly French Resident-General in Tunisia.

A Parliamentary Commission disclosed that Roger Peyre, key witness in the "affair," had entertained influential politicians and military chiefs, and had supplied money to General Revers with the latter was on an official mission in Washington. Enquiries revealed a close friendship between Revers, Mast and Peyre. Both Generals denied the allegation against them.

The "Affair of the Generals" investigation began after the clandestine radio of the Communist-Vietnam forces in Indo-China broadcast last August a secret report made by General Revers after an inspection visit to Indo-China.

Peyre, wanted by the French police on charges of corruption and trafficking in influence, fled the country and was last reported in Brazil.

The Council of Ministers' decision was taken on a report from the National Defence Minister, M. René Pleven, which said that no evidence existed to show that General Mast had communicated extracts from General Revers' report to unauthorised persons, or had received money for doing so, but that he had acted wrongly in using Peyre to lobby for his candidature for the Indo-China post and as a source of information.

Similarly, the report said, it did not appear from the evidence that General Revers had committed any leakage of his report or received money.

But it added that General Revers and likewise been indiscreet in using Peyre to advance his views on service matters, and also in proposing Peyre for the Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honour.

The report said that General Revers, who became head of the French Army's resistance organisation during the occupation, should have either checked Peyre's resistance record or passed it on without comment.

Peyre's statements about both Generals were no proof, the report stated.—Reuter.

The Malaya Judge Case

London, June 21. Mr. Anthony Marlowe (Conservative) protested in the House of Commons today against the removal from office in Malaya of a Judge of Appeal in 1942, "though there was no suggestion that he was not of good behaviour or otherwise unfitted to hold office."

The name of the Judge was known to the Colonial Secretary, he said.

Mr. John Dugdale, Minister of State for the Colonies, said that because of the occupation of Malaya by the enemy, it was not possible for this Judge to continue performing the duties of his office. As no other appropriate post was available he was necessarily treated as having retired upon the abolition of office.—Reuter.

Radio Hongkong

11.00 "Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary: 6.02, Children's Half Hour "Toytown"—Toytown Quiz by S.G. Holmes (Heaman) (BNCIS); 6.30, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 6.40, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 6.50, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.00, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.10, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.20, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.30, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.40, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 7.50, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.00, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.10, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.20, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.30, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.40, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 8.50, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 9.00, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 9.10, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 9.20, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 9.30, "Time for Music"—Guest: Maria Eagerth (BNCIS); 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MAUREEN GETS INTO TRIM



Maureen Gardner, left, and I. Pond take the barriers during the 80 Metres Hurdles event at the Sward Trophy meet in London. Mrs Gardner, runner-up in the hurdles in the Olympic Games and mother of a nine-month-old boy, finished first with Miss Pond third. Maureen, who was out of competition last season, is training for the European Games.

Committee Of Seven To Draft Constitution For A Hongkong Athletic Federation

Representatives of various sporting institutions in the Colony foregathered in the Jacobean Room of the Hongkong Hotel yesterday, under the chairmanship of Mr J. Skinner, Chairman of the HKFA, to discuss the formation of an Amateur Athletic Federation.

A committee of seven was elected to draw up the draft of the constitution. Owing to indisposition, the Hon. Sir Arthur Morse, President of the HKFA, was unable to attend and Mr Skinner informed the meeting that the project had Sir Arthur's full blessing and anything he could do to further the cause he would willingly do.

Mr Skinner, who was elected to preside at the meeting, said that it had been felt by sporting bodies in the Colony that the Federation was a necessary for some time. He spoke of the British Empire Games Association and said that before taking part in the Olympic Games, a country had to have a committee.

STRENGTH IN UNITY

Mr Skinner stressed that the proposed Federation would not in any way interfere with the rights of the different associations that were now organized. The object of the Federation was that unity was strength in their approach to Government on various problems.

When the meeting was thrown open to discussion, Mr J. C. Sales, of the Victoria Recreation Club, said that in Hongkong there was no swimming association. There had always existed between his Club and the Hongkong Chinese A.A.F. close cooperation in the postwar years. Speaking from his own experience of swimming in Hongkong, Mr Sales said that it was a sport which had no gate, or

very little gate, and it had very little chance of achieving anything at all.

The VRC had undertaken important work in the development of the Club's financial position. "No single association in Hongkong," he said, "and particularly no single club should be called upon to promote a sport in the Colony. It is time for Hongkong's various sporting associations to compose their differences."

The Chairman agreed with Mr Sales that a swimming association should be formed in the Colony. After brief discussion, the following were elected to the committee to draft the constitution of the Federation: Capt J. Chinnell, Mr. Mok Hing, A. O. Sales, Mr. Man-fai, N. J. Gough, Mr. S. L. Pang and W. Hamming Chen, with J. Skinner as ex-officio.

Before the meeting concluded, Mr Chen proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr Skinner. Seated at the table with Mr Skinner were Messrs Ma Man-fai, L. G. Young, J. C. N.

Graham and R. M. Omar (Secretary of the Hongkong F.A.). Those present at the meeting included Capt Chinnell, Messrs A. O. Sales, L. P. Wong, Mok Hing, Walter Hamming Chen, S. L. Pang, J. F. Ennis, N. J. Gough, Mr. Cronin, M. A. Oliveira and David Kwok.

The objects of the proposed Federation, as circulated, are: to enable Hongkong to participate in International events; to make reciprocal arrangements regarding International contests; to further the general interest of all amateur sports; to improve the facilities available; to improve the standard of sports; and to provide coaching schemes and propaganda.

Triple Hat Trick Attempt Foiled In Irish Derby

The Curragh Race-track, County Kildare, Eire, June 21.

The Australian jockey, Jack Thompson, riding Mr Frank More O'Ferrall's Dark Warrior to a half-length win in the 27,000 mile-and-a-half Irish Derby here today, foiled three "hat trick" attempts in this Irish Classic.

Rae Johnstone, who rode the "Derby triple" in 1948, was hoping to repeat the performance this year on M. Marcell Bougac's colt, Parda, after riding the French and English Derby winners for the French owner.

Parda, a 13 to 8 favourite today, was beaten into third place in a field of eight behind Dark Warrior, who was a 4 to 1 shot, and the Alpha Khan's 7 to 1 chance, Elcat.

Johnstone was also hoping to register his third Irish Derby win in succession.

The Alpha Khan was seeking the same "hat trick." Johnstone won the Irish Derby for him in 1948 and 1949.—Reuter.

LIGHT CAVALRY WINS

Gosforth Park, Newcastle, June 21.

Mr R. McLeod's Light Cavalry won the Northumberland Plate, run over two miles, here this afternoon. Mr J. Johnson's Royal Entrance was second and Mr D. Thomson's Colbridge was placed third. A field of eight ran.

The betting was: 10 to 1 against Light Cavalry, 8 to 1 Royal Entrance, 11 to 10 Colbridge.

The race was won by Light Cavalry by a head with three-quarters of a length between the second and third.—Reuter.

Women's Hockey Tournament

Salisbury (South Africa), June 21.

England beat the United States 6-2 here today in the first match of the International Federation of Women's Hockey Associations Tournament. At half-time England led 5-0.—Reuter.

WORRELL BRINGS ON A SUSSEX COLLAPSE IN ONE DEVASTATING SPELL

Hove, Sussex, June 21.

At the close of play today the West Indies had scored 61 runs without loss in reply to Sussex's first innings score of 220 in the first day's play of their match here.

With an overcast sky and rain threatening, Sussex opened the innings on a good wicket which had been protected from rain, and by the lunch interval had scored 81 runs for no wicket.

Sussex had 170 on the board with only two wickets down, but a great spell by Worrell, in which he took three wickets in nine balls for three runs, started a collapse.

Pierre obtained his second wicket of the tour in first class cricket when he got John Langridge caught behind the wicket shortly after lunch. The opening partnership had provided 84 runs in two hours and 10 minutes.

After the hundred had gone up in two hours and 23 minutes, Smith was out leg-before for 55 runs in two hours and 35 minutes, with only three boundaries.

CAUTIOUS PLAY

Charles Oakes and Cox played cautiously and it took three and a half hours for the 150 runs total to appear.

Then came Worrell's great spell. The third pair had added 60 runs in 70 minutes when Charles Oakes was bowled in attempting to cut Worrell, and the West Indies bowler followed this up by dismissing Cox and J. Oakes in an inspired spell.

When Parks was taken at the wicket off Gomez, and Worrell got James Langridge caught in a similar manner, four wickets had fallen for eight runs.

With two runs added to the tea total of 170 runs for seven wickets, Worrell bowled James Griffith, who scored 140 as the emergency opening batsman in a Test at Trinidad in 1948, punished Gomez for three boundaries before being bowled in hitting out.

The ninth wicket realised 20 runs. After a halt of 15 minutes through rain, the innings ended in four hours and 35 minutes for 220 runs.

Worrell took five wickets for 27 runs, his best analysis of the tour. In his last spell, his figures were eight overs, two maidens, 17 runs, five wickets.

In 55 minutes before the close, the West Indies scored 61 runs without loss.

Neither Rae nor Stollmeyer was seriously troubled by the attack.

Stollmeyer scored all round with his customary polish, while Rae twice cut James' off-spinners beautifully for four.

THE SCOREBOARD

SUSSEX
1st Innings
John Langridge, c. Walcott 38
b. Pierre 17
D. C. Smith, lbw b. 55
Ramadhin, b. Worrell 37
C. Oakes, b. Worrell 27
Cox, b. Worrell 2
J. Oakes, lbw b. Worrell 1
Parks, c. Walcott b. Gomez 24
Griffith, b. Ramadhin 140
James Langridge, c. Walcott b. Worrell 1
James, b. Worrell 1
Cornford, not out 10

WEST INDIES
1st Innings
Rae, not out 23
Stollmeyer, not out 30
Extras 2
Total (for no wicket) 61

Bowling to date
Cornford 6 0 10 0
Wood 7 3 15 0
James 4 0 15 0
C. Oakes 2 0 10 0

—Reuter.

WIMBLEDON DRAW

Ip Koon-hung Meets Weiss In 1st Round

Wimbledon, June 21.

Hongkong's top-ranking player, Ip Koon-hung, making his first appearance at Wimbledon, meets Heraldo Weiss of Argentina, a player he has already encountered in Hongkong, in the first round of the Men's Singles Championships.

Dilip Bose, India's No. 1 player, who is seeded fifth in the Wimbledon men's singles in the Championships, was drawn in the bottom half when the draw was made today.

He should, however, have a comparatively easy win in the first round against Frank Stott, a 21-year-old Jamaican, who captained the Oxford University team.

If he overcomes early obstacles, Bose is faced with the prospect of meeting Budgie Patty (American), Adrian Quist (Australian) and Ivan Dornum (American).

Narendra Nath, India's No. 3, plays Jacques Sanglier, an unranked French player in his first match in the top quarter.

In the second quarter Narendra Kumar plays the experienced 40-year-old Gloucester County player George Godsell, while in the third, Sumant Misra, the former Indian champion, is drawn against G.I.B. Meredith of Britain.

S. L. R. Sawney, a former Davis Cup player, now resident in London, is in the bottom quarter with Bose and meets F. Walls of Britain in his first match.

TOUGH ON FILIPINOS
The Philippines Davis Cup players, Felisiano Ampon, Raymond Deyro and Cesar Carmona are faced with difficult tasks in the draw. Carmona does not yet know the name of his opponent for he has been drawn to meet in the first round one of the survivors of a qualifying tournament.

But Ampon has a first round engagement with Ivor Rinkel, the experienced Dutch international. He and Carmona are in the top half of the draw, which includes Frank Sedgman (Australia) who is seeded No. 1, which includes Frank Sedgman, Janjaw Droby and Gardnar Mulloy (American).

Deyro is unfortunate to clash in the first round with Budgie Patty, who is seeded No. 5.—Reuter.

Surprise was caused by the last-minute withdrawal of Italy's No. 1 player, Gianni Cuculli, adds United Press.

CLOSE OF PLAY SCORES
The following are the close of play scores:
At Bristol: The match between Gloucestershire and Hampshire was abandoned owing to rain. Hampshire four for one wicket.
At Dudley: The match between Worcester and Kent was abandoned owing to rain. Worcester 17 for no wicket.
At Birmingham: The match between Warwickshire and Cambridge University was abandoned owing to rain. Cambridge University 51 for three.
At Rushden: The match between Northamptonshire and Somerset was abandoned owing to rain. Northamptonshire 35 for no wicket.
At Guildford: Oxford University 277 (Divecha 92, Parker, right-arm medium bowler, four for 40). Surrey 12 for no wicket.
At Colchester: Essex 159, Yorkshire 42 for no wicket. No further play was possible today owing to rain.
At Derby: Derbyshire 106 for three (Revill 50 not out) against Glamorgan. No further play was possible after tea today owing to rain.
At Nottingham: Nottingham 230 for four (Simpson 76 not out, Hardstaff 75 not out) against Middlesex. No further play was possible owing to rain.—Reuter.

Bromwich Beats Misra Easily
London, June 21.
Sumant Misra, of India, was beaten 6-4 and 6-1 by John Bromwich, of Australia, today in the men's singles third round of the London Grass Courts Lawn Tennis Championships at the Queen's Club.
Heavy rain curtailed the day's programme.
Bill Sidwell, of Australia, who is seeded No. 11 in the Wimbledon Championships, withdrew from the London tournament singles and conceded his match to his opponent, Irvin Dorman, of the United States, "to avoid complications."
Sidwell said that to stay in the singles would probably mean playing two matches tomorrow, two singles and two doubles. "Too much in one day at this stage," he said.—Reuter.

SING TAO HELD
Penang, June 12.
Playing their twelfth match in Malaya, the Hongkong Sing Tao footballers were held by Penang to a 1-1 draw this evening.
The tourists opened the scoring in the 22nd minute through Tang Yee-ki, while Penang's equaliser came seven minutes later when Lee Ah Lok scored in a nice following a corner kick.—Reuter.

Women's Hockey
Salisbury (South Africa), June 21.
England beat the United States 6-2 here today in the first match of the International Federation of Women's Hockey Associations Tournament. At half-time England led 5-0.—Reuter.

TEST FIND



Bob Berry, of Lancashire, in action against the West Indies in the First Match at Old Trafford. Berry, a young spin bowler in his first year in first class cricket, took nine wickets for 116 runs in his Test debut.—Central Press Photo.

"NO!" SAYS ARCHIE QUICK

Special Privileges For Sports Stars In National Service?

Big Bill Cox, golf professional to the Fulwell Club, Surrey, is attempting to set a dangerous precedent. He proposes to write to the Air Ministry asking for special concessions in the way of leave and periods for training for his assistant, Peter Mills, who is undergoing his National Service in the RAF.

Cox is right when he says that Mills is grand golfing material, that he is a Ryder Cup possible of the future and that he has qualified in practically all the tournaments in which he has competed. He is also right in saying that RAF service has turned Mills into a week-end golfer and that his game is suffering. But he is wrong in his contention that Mills should be given special privileges.

There would be no end to it. Brian Close, for instance, is in the Army, and his cricket may be suffering. But what about every other National Serviceman—the apprentice, the student, etc. And much more to the point, what about the interruption of a life sustained by those who served through World War II, and every other War. It is just unfortunate that that is the sort of world we live in, and there should be no special treatment for any one man just because he is a prominent athlete.

Boxing At Nine Dragons Club

The first amateur boxing contest was held at the Nine Dragons Club last night under the direction of Billy Tingle.

The boxing on the whole was well balanced, but lack of referee and a troubling pace set by the boys at the outset of each bout was a telling factor, combined with the heat.

In many of the bouts there was too much wild swinging and failure to take advantage of the opportunities offered, but progress has been shown, and as Brigadier Coak, who presented the trophies, said, "It was the first contest held at the Club, and I hope that there will be many more."

FULL RESULTS

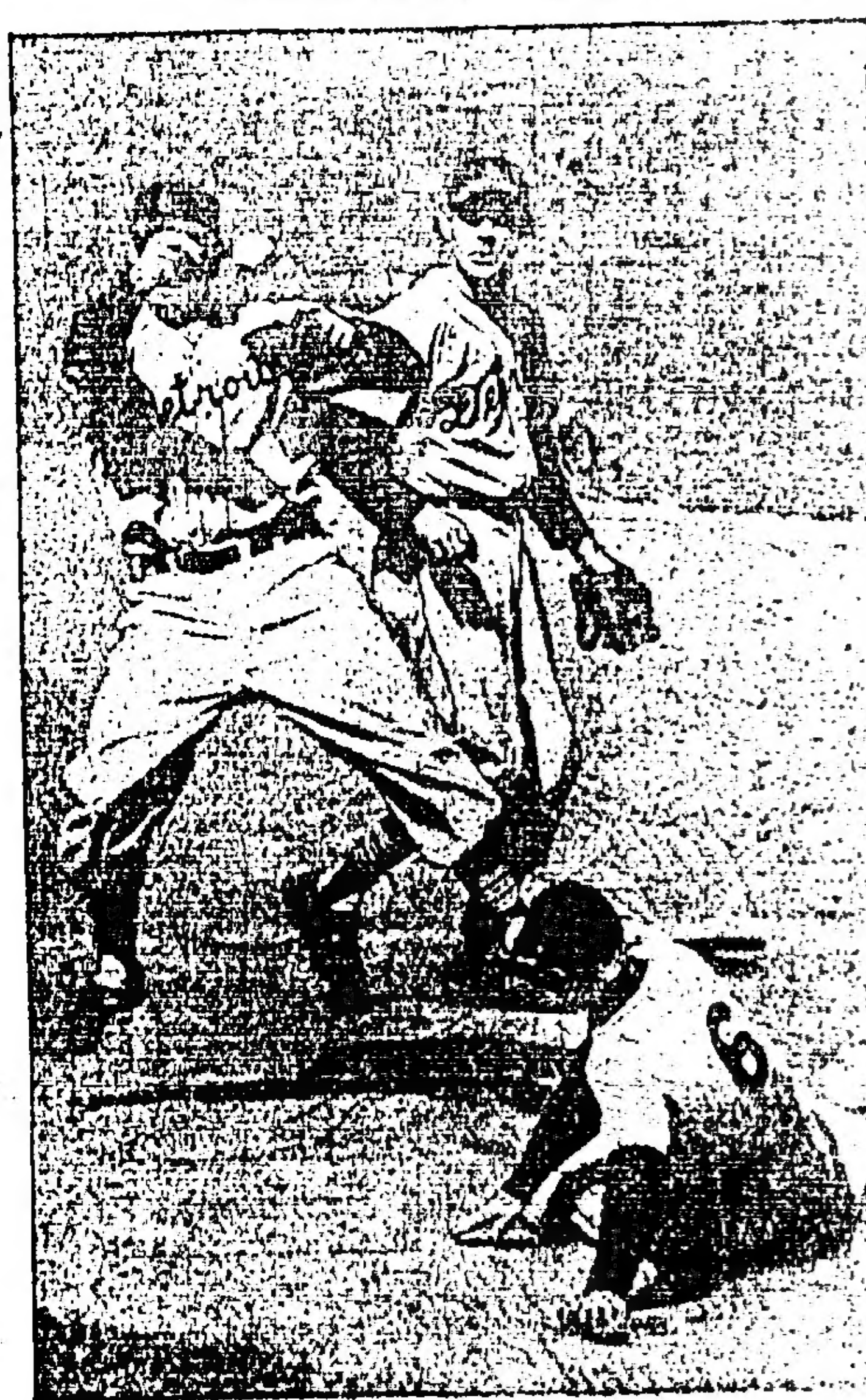
Bantamweight—Stewart, 34 LAA, outpointed Pickett, 1st BAPC, RAC.
Featherweight—Donaghue, RAC, outpointed Perrin, HQ 40 Div. RA.
Lightweight—H. J. Johnson, HQ 40 Div. RA, 3 RTR, in the third; Wilson, 3 RTR, outpointed Young, KSL.
Lightweight—Keya, NSRTR, outpointed Noble, 1st Middlesex, Padel, 1st Middlesex, outpointed Seaton, RAF.
Welterweight—McCurdy, 3 RTR, T. Kod Lipscomb, HQ 23 DDE, outpointed Holmes, 1st KOSL.
Light-heavyweight—Harris, RAF, outpointed Catley, 1st KOSL.

Snooker League

A number of clubs have stated their willingness to participate in the Younger Snooker League, but replies are still outstanding in some cases.

To make the tournament a success it will be necessary to form a committee from the various clubs as soon as possible to discuss the terms and rules. Messrs and clubs are requested to forward their replies at their earliest convenience to the agents.

BROWN OUT



Yank Bobby Brown is out at second on Geno Woodling's grounder to shortstop Johnny Lipon who threw to Garry Priddy for the out. The Tiger's throw to first was too late to do damage. Detroit beat the Yanks 7-1, in this game at New York's Yankee Stadium.

THE GAMBOLS



AND WHEN THEY SHOW



GROOP, JUST A MOMENT



COME AND HELP ME



FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Breaking a Rule
May Help You Out

AK	1000
QJ	1000
10	1000
9	1000
8	1000
7	1000
6	1000
5	1000
4	1000
3	1000
2	1000
1	1000
0	1000

Defensive Plays—N-S vul.

South West North East

1 1 1 1

Pass Double Pass Pass

Opening—A A 30

By WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

ONE reason why some players never become good on defense is because they always follow too closely the advice given them when they started to play bridge, such as, "Never lead away from a king," "Don't lead from an ace-queen combination," "Second hand low," "Don't finesse your partner's lead," and so on. Generally it is a good thing to follow these little rules, but a good defensive player has to know when to break them.

There is not much to the bidding in today's hand. West makes a very light double, so he has to be unusually careful to try to defeat the contract. He does not want to lead away from the ace-queen of clubs, as he opens the ace of spades. When the dummy goes down with the singleton spade king, and his partner gives him the deuce, he knows that he cannot lead more spades.

He does not want to lead the ace of trumps and give the whole hand up. He cannot lead a diamond because South must have the ace of diamonds. To justify his opening bid, now we are down to the ace-queen of clubs combination. West has to hope that his partner has the king of clubs or not more than two clubs, so he should lead the ace of clubs.

East puts on the jack, encouraging West to continue. West leads the queen of clubs. South wins with the king and plays the queen of spades, discarding dummy's nine of clubs. Declarer's next play is the king of hearts. West should go right up with the ace and play the third club. Even though he knows that declarer can ruff it in dummy, he has to take a chance that his partner has a heart higher than the eight-spot in order to defeat the contract.

When dummy trumps with the eight, East overtrumps with the ten. Thus, by carefully analyzing his defense, West defeats what looked like a pretty safe contract.

Check Your Knowledge

1. Are hard shell and soft shell crabs different species?
2. What is the origin of the word "maelstrom"?
3. Name the two great mountain ranges of the United States.
4. Who was known as England's "Virgin Queen"?
5. The Curli matches refer to what sport?
6. What is chapel verse?

(Answers on Page 8)

CROSSWORD

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ACCIDENT CHANGED HIS LIFE

Cleveland, Ohio, June 21. David Allen, 50, an ex-convict who had led an exemplary life for 18 years, today sued a trucking and construction company for US\$100,000, claiming it was responsible for a brain injury which made him a criminal again.

Allen's counsel, Allen Corlett, told the Common Pleas Court that Allen served a prison term for a robbery in 1929. After his release, Corlett said, he was determined to go straight and get a steady job as a roofer, married, slowly accumulated a small bank account and became a respected member of his community.

Then, in August 1945, Allen's skull was crushed when backing a truck, hired by the construction company he worked for, and pinned him against a building, Corlett continued. When Allen was released after several weeks in hospital, "he appeared a changed man," Corlett said. He took a few drinks—something he had not done in years—and committed a robbery that brought him a two-year sentence in the Ohio State Penitentiary.

Corlett asked the Court to award Allen US\$100,000 in damages from G. Kirby Company, owners of the truck, and James F. Shaffer Company, which directed its movements, because Allen's brain injury had "caused a complete change in his character."

Both defendants denied negligence and blamed Allen's "carelessness" for the accident. —United Press.

Attack By Karens Repulsed

Rangoon, June 21. Government forces repulsed a strong attack by Karen insurgents at Kyaukse, in the Bassein district, after a day-long battle during the week-end. It is officially announced here.

The "National Defence Organisation" insurgents, who surrounded the town at dawn, withdrew with heavy losses when Government reinforcements arrived, the announcement said. Heavy units are now moving up rebel concentrations in nearby villages.

In the Maubin area, 50 miles west of Rangoon, Government naval landing parties have cleared several villages. Government authorities claimed to have intercepted a radio message in English from the N.D.O. leader, Saw Sun-ky, urging his followers to destroy villages and captured strongholds in future by force.

Observers here interpret this order as a sign of the insurgents' desperate plight and their determination to cause as much damage as possible in case they should have to give up fighting. —Reuter.

OBSTRUCTION IN MOSCOW

London, June 21. Commenting on an agency report that Moscow's British Embassy Russian language weekly, British Ally, might shortly cease publication, Foreign Office spokesman stated that the question whether continued publication was worth while was under consideration in London. He, however, made it clear that no decision had been taken.

The fact that the British Ally has recently been unavailable on many bookstalls in Moscow, the spokesman said, raised the question whether deliberate obstruction was being used to limit its circulation. —Reuter.

Last Honours To Warrior



Charges By McCarthy Not Substantiated

Washington, June 21. Senator Millard Tydings said today a check-up by the Federal Bureau of Investigation did not substantiate Senator Joseph McCarthy's charges that the State Department loyalty files had been "tampered with."

The files are those made available by President Truman to the Tydings Senate communist investigating sub-committee. They cover 81 individuals whom Senator McCarthy has charged with being Communists, Red sympathisers and bad security risks employed or recently employed by the State Department.

BOMBAY STRIKE THREAT

Bombay, June 21. Bombay Port was threatened with a strike of 30,000 workers tonight as negotiations between the Stevedores Association and the workers' union broke down over the issue of re-employment of 3,000 striking stevedores.

Workers who began a "go slow" strike on June 6, demanding two months' bonus, were dismissed by the Association of employers, who recruited new workers on a permanent basis.

This week they refused to disband the new workers and were prepared to reinstate the strikers only as casual labourers. The Socialist leader, Mr. Ar. J. Mehta, who took a prominent part in the negotiations, expressed "keen disappointment" over the attitude of the employers' Association.

The secretary of the workers' union hinted at a general strike when they said: "We will now resort to other means." —Reuter.

Indefinitely Postponed

Mafeking, June 21. A court hearing on a property dispute between Seretse Khama, exiled chief of the Batswana tribe, and his uncle, the former Regent, Thabane, has been postponed indefinitely pending the outcome of negotiations between the parties. Seretse's lawyer said today.

The dispute involves between 10,000 and 20,000 head of cattle. Thabane's claims were left to him in the will of Seretse's grandfather. —Reuter.

The scene at the Tower of London when the body of the late Field Marshal Lord Wavell was embarked on an RASC launch for conveyance to Westminster Pier and thence to Westminster Abbey for the memorial service. —(Central Press).

DEFENCE CHIEFS SEE OKINAWA

Tokyo, June 22. The U.S. Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson, and America's top military man, General Omar Bradley, flew to Okinawa today to inspect construction which is turning the wind-swept island into a permanent U.S. fortress opposite Communist China.

Mr. Johnson remarked today, "Okinawa is such an important island that he and General Bradley would not miss a visit there even though they already had been thoroughly briefed here and in Guam on its present and future capabilities."

The current Okinawa construction programme began moving after last February's visit of Gen. Bradley and the joint Chiefs of Staff, and already engineering hundreds of American engineers, thousands of Okinawan and Japanese labourers and some Japanese contractors.

American military men have long made it clear that they want Okinawa as a permanent base and can depend on the United States to secure it formally for American use after the Japanese peace treaty.

SHOPPING IN KYOTO

Mr. Johnson and General Bradley took off in a special Constellation transport at about 6 a.m. They planned to spend several hours in Okinawa and fly back to Hanoi tonight. They will be joined by their wives in Kyoto for a bit of sightseeing and shopping before returning to Tokyo on Friday afternoon.

The schedule calls for a final conference with General MacArthur on Friday evening if time permits before taking off for Alaska and the United States.

Meanwhile, the Secretary of State's Republican adviser on the Japanese peace settlement, Mr. John Foster Dulles, held a second conference with General MacArthur this morning before going to a press conference. Mr. Dulles is scheduled to go directly from the press conference to a luncheon given by the American Chamber of Commerce here. —United Press.

OIL OVER 600 MILES OF DESERT

London, June 21. Reports from Saudi Arabia said that the British oil company, making oilfields in Arabia with a terminal point near Sdon, on the Mediterranean, was making such swift progress that January 1 could be fixed as the date when the first tanker would load oil pumped 600 miles across the desert.

The final shipment of the 30-inch pipe is due to reach Beirut on August 1. The whole project will have taken exactly three years from the day when the first shipment of pipe was landed at a harbourless beach-head in Saudi Arabia. The total cost, estimated prior to devaluation, is about £50,000,000, including all pumping stations en route.

The "lupine" will have an annual carrying capacity of 15,000,000 barrels, and a terminal in the capacity of 10,000 barrels in continuous operation. —United Press.

Ten Minutes That Count

Canberra, June 21. Field-Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, told a parade at the Royal Military College at Duntroon today: "Australians and New Zealand soldiers are no braver than any other soldiers, and that means Germans and Italians. It is just that we of British stock are braver for a little longer, and its last 10 minutes that count." —Reuter.

AUSTRALIA IN FAVOUR OF PAYMENTS UNION

Canberra, June 21.

The Australian Treasurer, Mr. Arthur Fadden, tonight indicated Australian approval of the proposed European Payments Union.

He said: "The Union may do much to remove payments difficulties which have impeded trade between the sterling area and the hard currency areas of Western Europe."

Refusing a demand by the Opposition leader, Mr. Joseph Chifley, for detailed figures on overseas trade and payments, Mr. Fadden pointed out that the new Government took office in the middle of the financial year. He said his policy is full co-operation with Britain on economic and financial matters, "including the supply of essential foodstuffs to the United Kingdom."

Mr. Fadden said the previous Government took a too narrow

view of Australia's capacity to contribute to a solution of the dollar problem by greater dollar earnings through exports. He said the policy of the present Government is to give "greater emphasis to positive measures to promote dollar earnings, also to explore, as may be necessary, the possibility of securing dollars to finance vital national projects, and not to be retarded by an inability to secure materials and equipment available only from the dollar area."

Mr. Fadden said it is too early to make a firm assessment of the effect of devaluation of the dollar problem, but "the signs are hopeful." He said the Government had relaxed trade restrictions with Belgium, Western Germany and Portugal without detriment to the sterling area.

He said devaluation resulted in only a five to six percent increase in consumption compared to 15 to 20 percent predicted by the Opposition.

He said that during the 10 months ending April 30, Australia's dollar earnings dropped from \$118,000,000 to \$100,000,000 largely because of the reduced sale of lead and rabbit skins. —United Press.

Nehru Speaks In Burma

Rangoon, June 21.

Pandit Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister, was entertained at luncheon here today by the Burmese community.

Welcoming the Indian Premier, U Maung, spokesman of the Burmese community, recalled the influence of India in the construction of pagodas and monasteries in Burma and also in political matters.

He stressed that India and Burma could not remain isolated from each other and must work together in the present as in the past. India and Burma were fortunate to have as respective Prime Ministers Pandit Nehru and Thakin Nu.

Replying to the welcome, Pandit Nehru said that India was passing through a period of transition when "nationalism was adapting itself to local problems and international relations."

It was fascinating to study the way Asia was trying to adapt itself to problems which had been brought about by freedom, and it was surprising that there had been so few upsets, he said.

PAYS TRIBUTE

Paying a tribute to the Government of Burma, Pandit Nehru said: "We in India during the past three years have been tackling its different problems."

He was sure that the mutual needs of Burma and India were complementary in the past, and might be so in the future. "Both our countries are relatively new in international relations, and we will try as far as we can to adapt our policies for the maintenance of peace, not only in our own sphere, but also for world peace."

Pandit Nehru visited Mrs. Aung San at her residence after lunch and spent some time in the company of her children. This evening he will visit the Indian Ambassador at his residence and dine with the President. —Reuter.

More Indonesian Offices

Jakarta, June 21. An Indonesian Embassy will be opened in Canberra "very soon," according to the Information Minister, who revealed that an Indonesian office would also be opened in Madrid, but for the time being the Paris office would be charged with relations with Spain. —United Press.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

CALL the candidates C, W, B. C. Charges as follows: Suppose my cross is red and one red cross is on the candidate and therefore intelligent. He will be saying: "I would not have put my hand up for me. Hence if mine is a red cross, W or B should be two red crosses and I should be two red crosses. It follows that my cross is green. It follows that my cross is the 'logical' solution but I think it is really commendable if Chukles makes this answer. The test, sir, would be to put two of red and green crosses and the third a red one." —London Express Service.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers: 1. No. The crabs shed their hard shells when the warm weather arrives. 2. It originated from the monument erected by Queen Mary in 353 B.C. in memory of her husband King Mausolus. 3. The Rocky Mountains and the Appalachian Mountains. 4. Queen Elizabeth. 5. Golf. 6. Venus printed in pictorial shape.

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Morning Post Building, Hongkong.

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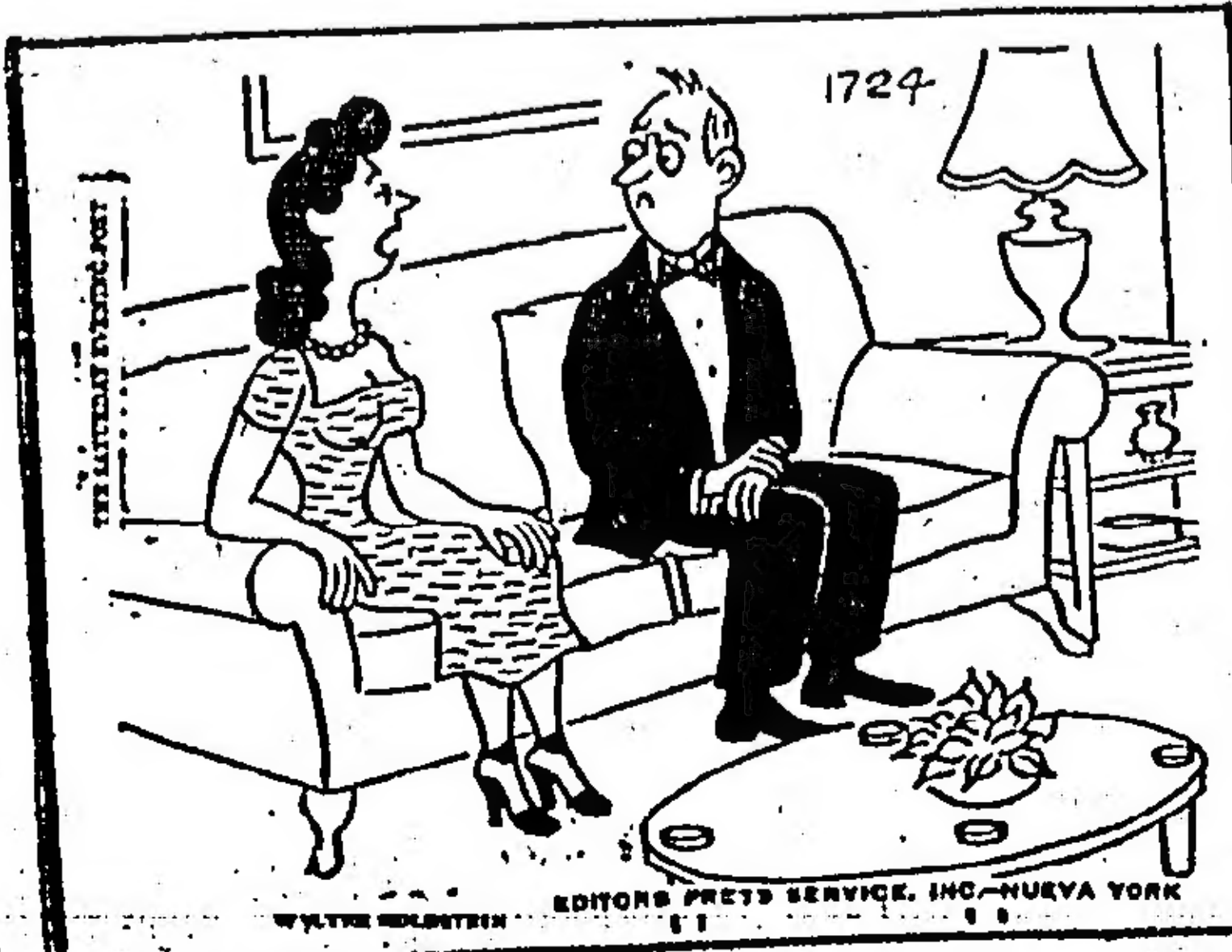
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Printed and published by WILLIAM ALICE GARDNER for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.



"I'm probably very fond of you, Harold. I just hate to admit it to myself."